

#### **GradReady Physics® Formula Sheet**

## CONSTANT ACCELERATION FORMULAE



- v = final velocity (m/s)
- u = initial velocity (m/s)
- a = acceleration (m/s<sup>2</sup>)
- s = displacement (m)
- t = time(s)

 $S = ut + 0.5at^2$ 

V = u + at

 $S = vt - 0.5at^2$ 

 $S = \frac{(u + v) \times t}{}$ 

 $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ 

#### **TORQUE**

 $T = F \times d \times sin(\theta)$ 



- T = Torque (Nm)
- F = Force applied on lever (N)
- d = Distance that the force is applied from the axis of rotation (m)
- $\theta$  = Angle between force vector and distance vector,  $sin(\theta)$  is equal to 1 if perpendicular

## NEWTON'S 2ND LAW OF MOTION



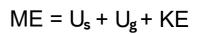
 $\Sigma F = m \times a$ 

 $\Sigma F$  = net force acting on an object (N)

- m = mass of object (kg)
- a = acceleration of object (m/s<sup>2</sup>)

#### **MECHANICAL**

#### **ENERGY**





ME = mechanical energy (J)

Us = spring potential energy, a.k.a elastic potential energy (J)

Ug = gravitational potential energy (J)

KE = kinetic energy (J)

#### **MOMENTUM**



p = mv

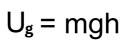
p = Momentum (kg x m/s)

m = Mass (kg)

v = Velocity (m/s)

#### **GRAVITATIONAL**

#### POTENTIAL ENERGY





Ug = gravitational potential energy (J)

m = Mass of object (kg)

g = Acceleration due to gravity = 9.8 m/s²= gravitational field strength = 9.8 N/kg

h = Vertical height above a reference level (m)

#### **TEMPERATURE**

**CHANGE** 



$$Q = m \times C \times (T_{final} - T_{initial})$$

- Q = heat energy applied (J)
- m = mass of object (kg)
- c = specific heat capacity of object (J/kg/K)
- T = initial and final temperatures of object (K)

#### **FORCE ON A MOVING**

#### **CHARGE**



$$F = qvb$$

- F = Magnetic Force
- q = Charge of the particle
- v = Velocity of the charged particle
- b = Magnetic Field Strength

#### **OHM'S**

**LAW** 

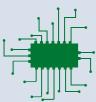


$$V = IR$$

- V = Voltage (volts)
- I = Current (amps)
- R = Resistance (ohms)

#### **ELECTRICAL**

#### **POWER**



$$P = IV = I^2R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

- P = Power
- V = Voltage (volts)
- I = Current (amps)
- R = Resistance (ohms)

#### **KINETIC**

#### **ENERGY**

$$KE = \frac{1}{2} mv^2$$



KE = Kinetic energy of object (J)

m = Mass of object (kg)

v = Velocity of object (m/s)

#### **GRAVITATIONAL**

#### **FORCE**

$$F = \frac{G \times m_1 \times m_2}{r_2}$$



F = gravitational force of attraction from the center of mass of the two objects (N)

G = gravitational constant 6.674x10<sup>-11</sup>Nm kg

m1 = mass of one of the objects (kg)

m2 = mass of the other object (kg)

r = distance between the center of the mass of the two objects (m)

#### **PRESSURE**

$$P = \frac{F}{A}$$



P = Pressure (N/m or Pascals)

F = Force applied on a surface (N)

A = Area of surface (m<sup>2</sup>)

#### **ARCHIMEDES**

#### **PRINCIPLE**



$$\textbf{F}_{b} \text{=} \ \textbf{F}_{g \text{ of object}} \ \text{=} \ \textbf{F}_{g \text{ of fluid displaced}} \ \text{=} \ \textbf{p}_{g \text{ luid}} \ \textbf{X} \ \textbf{V}_{g \text{ of fluid displaced}} \ \textbf{x} \ \textbf{g}$$

F<sub>b</sub> = Force of buoyance (N)

F<sub>g of object</sub> = Weight of object (N)

Fg of fluid displaced = Weight of fluid displaced (N)

P<sub>fluid</sub> = Density of fluid (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

V fluid displaced = Volume of fluid displaced by the object in the fluid (m<sup>3</sup>)

g = gravitational field strength, a.k.a acceleration due to gravity = 9.8 N/kg = 9.8 m/s

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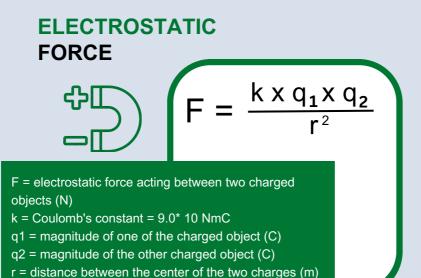
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### $W = F \times d \times cos(\theta)$

W = Work done (J)

F = Force applied on object (N)

d = Distance object moves due to the application of the force (m)

 $\theta$  = Angle between force vector and displacement vector,  $\cos(\theta)$  is equal to 1 when the force vector is in the same direction as the movement of the object

**WORK** 

 $W = F \times d$ 

Or W = Work done (J)

F = Component of the force that acts parallel to the distance only (N)

d = Distance object moves due to the application
of the force (m)



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